

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date Prepared : 06/30/2005

SDS No : S365

Date Revised : 07/26/2017

Revision No : 8

MINERAL SPIRITS 365

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: MINERAL SPIRITS 365

ALTERNATE TRADE NAME(S): MINERAL SPIRITS <1% AROMATIC, SOLVENT 365, S325, S365F

MANUFACTURER

Distributed by Tarr, LLC

P.O. Box 12570

Portland, OR 97212

Customer Service: 503-288-5294

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

CHEMTREC (US Transportation) :(800) 424 - 9300

CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation) :(613) 996 - 6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Health:

Aspiration Hazard, Category 2

Physical:

Combustible Liquid, Category 4

GHS LABEL



Exclamation
mark



Health
hazard

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS

H227: Combustible liquid.

H305: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Prevention:

5902FN3O: Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Response:

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

MINERAL SPIRITS 365**Storage:**

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

Disposal:

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to ...

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: WARNING! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Liquid is moderately irritating to the eyes. High vapor concentrations may also be irritating. Direct contact with the liquid or exposure to its vapors or mists may cause stinging, tearing, redness.

SKIN: Liquid is mildly irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INGESTION: Ingestion of product may result in vomiting; aspiration (breathing) of vomitus into the lungs must be avoided as even small quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

INHALATION: Vapors may be irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

COMMENTS HEALTH: Male rats exposed for 90 days by inhalation to vapors of similar solvents showed evidence of kidney damage. The relevance of this effect to humans is unknown. In one of the studies a low grade anemia was also observed.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	96 - 99	64742-88-7
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),-(nonylphenyl)-w-hydroxy	1 - 3	9016-45-9

COMMENTS: Solvent Naphtha contains the following constituents: Xylenes (1330-20-7) less than 1 % by weight and trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4,- less than 1% by weight.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.

SKIN: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE vomiting. If conscious, have victim rinse mouth out with water, then drink sips of water to remove taste from mouth. DO NOT GIVE LIQUIDS TO A DROWSY, CONVULSING OR UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

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Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE EFFECTS: Early to moderate CNS depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness, and nausea; in extreme cases, unconsciousness and death may occur. Aspiration pneumonitis may be evidenced by coughing, labored breathing and cyanosis.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE CLASS: Class II combustible liquid.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or CO₂.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS: When heated above the flash point, this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without full bunker gear (helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves and rubber boots), including a positive pressure, NIOSH approved, self-contained breathing apparatus. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with large quantities of water to prevent weakening of container structure which could result in container rupture.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: The use of SCBA is recommended for firefighters. Water spray may be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: Small spills: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

LARGE SPILL: Large Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

WATER SPILL: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Remove all sources of ignition and provide ventilation. Wear protective clothing as given in section 8. Dike area to contain spill. Take precautions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material with absorbent, such as sawdust or vermiculite, and sweep into closed

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containers for disposal using non-sparking equipment. Do not flush to sewer. If area of spill is porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, etc. as necessary and place in closed containers for proper disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Surfaces that are hot may ignite even liquid product in the absence of sparks or flame. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapors are gone.

HANDLING: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area.

COMMENTS: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Chemical splash goggles and face shield in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. (Consult your industrial hygienist.)

SKIN: Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

RESPIRATORY: If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure limits (Sec. 8) use a NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure. In accord with 29 CFR 1910.134 use either an atmosphere-supplying respirator or an air-purifying respirator for organic vapors.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g., acid suit) and boots are required.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Use good personal hygiene when handling this product. Wash hands after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

ODOR: Mild odor.

APPEARANCE: Clear

COLOR: Water-white.

MINERAL SPIRITS 365**pH:** 5.5 to 6.0**PERCENT VOLATILE:** 98**FLASH POINT AND METHOD:** (108°F) TAG CC**FLAMMABLE LIMITS:** 1.0 %Vol to 7.0 %Vol**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:** No data available.**VAPOR PRESSURE:** < 5**VAPOR DENSITY:** Heavier than air.**BOILING POINT:** (300°F) to (415°F)**FREEZING POINT:** NDA = no data available.**MELTING POINT:** No data available.**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Negligible**EVAPORATION RATE:** Slower than ether.**DENSITY:** 6.447**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 0.773 to 0.775**(VOC):** ~ 6.32 LBS./gal.**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****REACTIVITY:** Yes**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** No**STABILITY:** Stable under normal conditions.**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid heat, sparks, flame and contact with strong oxidizing agents.**POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion. There should be no decomposition if stored and applied as directed.**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Strong oxidizers.**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****ACUTE TOXICITY**

Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀	DERMAL LD ₅₀	INHALATION LC ₅₀
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	> 5000	> 3000	> 5500

DERMAL LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)**ORAL LD₅₀:** > 5000 ml/kg (rat)**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE)**

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Notes: Acute LC50 2200 micrograms/liter Fresh Water: Fish - *Lepomis macrochirus*

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: The preferred options for disposal are to send to licensed reclaimers, or to permitted incinerators. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not dump into sewers, ground, or any body of water.

EMPTY CONTAINER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition.

RCRA/EPA WASTE INFORMATION: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)**

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

TECHNICAL NAME: (naphtha solvent)

PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: Combustible liquid

UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1268

PACKING GROUP: III

NAERG: 128

OTHER SHIPPING INFORMATION: USDOT combustible exception: 173.150(f)(1).

AIR (ICAO/IATA)

SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1268

PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

ERG: 128

VESSEL (IMO/IMDG)

SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

TECHNICAL NAME: (Solvent Naphtha)

UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1268

PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: 128

MARINE POLLUTANT #1: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MINERAL SPIRITS 365**UNITED STATES****SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)**

311/312 HEALTH CATEGORIES: This product should be reported as an immediate (acute) health hazard, delayed (chronic) health hazard, and a fire hazard.

FIRE: Yes **PRESSURE GENERATING:** No **REACTIVITY:** No **ACUTE:** Yes **CHRONIC:** Yes

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

EMERGENCY PLAN: To the best of our knowledge, this product is not listed as an extremely hazardous substance.

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

TSCA REGULATORY: All components of this product are on the TSCA inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under CFR 40 CFR 720.30.

GENERAL COMMENTS: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

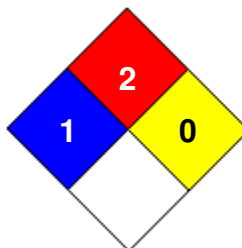
16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: Compliance Dept. **Date Revised:** 07/26/2017

REVISION SUMMARY: This SDS replaces the 01/15/2016 SDS.

HMIS RATING

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	H

NFPA CODES

NFPA STORAGE CLASSIFICATION: These ratings are part of a specific hazard communication program and should be disregarded where individuals are not trained in the use of this hazard rating system. You should be familiar with the hazard communication programs applicable to your workplace.

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