

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT

**Product Name:** INJECTOR-KLEEN 3000  
**Product Description:** Aliphatic solvents and additives  
**Product Code:** 0088-X  
**Intended Use:** Aftermarket Gasoline Fuel Improver

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Manufacturer:** Hydrotex Partners Ltd.  
4912 S. 48<sup>th</sup> West Avenue  
Tulsa, OK 74107 USA

<b>Transportation Emergency Phone</b>	800-424-9300 CHEMTREC
<b>Hydrotex Transportation No.</b>	918-583-6224
<b>SDS Requests</b>	972-389-8500
<b>Product Technical Information</b>	800-527-9439
<b>SDS Internet Address</b>	<a href="http://www.hydrotexlube.com">http://www.hydrotexlube.com</a>

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**HAZARDS DISCLOSURE:** This product contains hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Classification Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### GHS Classification:

Aspiration Hazard – Category 1  
May Cause Cancer – Category 1B  
Eye Irritation – Category 2A  
Skin Irritation – Category 2

### GHS label elements

#### Symbol(s)



#### Signal Word

**DANGER**

### Hazard Statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H320 Causes eye irritation.  
H350 May cause cancer

### Precautionary Statements

P280 Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

- P305+P351+P338+313 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get Medical attention.
- P303+P362+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P304+P340 If INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P308+P313 If exposed or concerned. Get medical advice/attention.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

**Response**

P370/P378 In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.

**Storage**

P404 Store in closed container.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

**POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

**EYES:** May cause eye irritation. Effects may include discomfort or pain and redness. Wash eyes immediately with large amount of water, lifting the upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.

**SKIN:** May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or defatting of the skin. Wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water or mild detergent and water.

**INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation

**INGESTION:** Do not take internally. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. If swallowed, may be aspirated and cause lung damage. This material can directly enter the lungs, if swallowed, or if subsequently vomited. Once in the lungs it is very difficult to remove and can cause severe injury or death.

**SECTION 3**

**COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Hazardous Constituent(s) Contained in Complex Substance(s)**

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	Carcinogen
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.1%	IARC Suspect Carcinogen NTP Carcinogen
Hydrocarbon Solvent	64741-86-2	25 – 40%	N/E
Polyether amine	Confidential	25 – 40%	N/E
Petroleum naphtha	64742-94-5	25 – 40%	N/E

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume

<b>SECTION 4</b>	<b>FIRST AID MEASURES</b>
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#### Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### Ingestion

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

#### PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Naphthalene - Individuals with liver disease may be more susceptible to toxic effects.

<b>SECTION 5</b>	<b>FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES</b>
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#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish flames.

**Inappropriate Extinguishing Media:** Straight Streams of Water

#### FIRE FIGHTING

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop a leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Extremely Flammable. Vapors are flammable and heavier than air. Vapors may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Smoke, Fume, Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

**Flash Point [Method] :** >63°C (145 °F) [ASTM D-56]

**Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air):** LEL: 1.4 UEL: 7.6

**Autoignition Temperature:** >250°C (482°F)

<b>SECTION 6</b>	<b>ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES</b>
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### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for firefighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment.

### SPILL MANAGEMENT

**Land Spill:** Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Large Spills: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not confine in area of spill. Advise occupants and shipping in downwind areas of fire and explosion hazard and warn them to stay clear. Allow liquid to evaporate from the surface. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

<b>SECTION 7</b>	<b>HANDLING AND STORAGE</b>
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### HANDLING

Avoid breathing mists or vapors. Avoid contact with skin. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Potentially toxic/irritating fumes/vapors may be evolved from heated or agitated material. Do not siphon by mouth. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures. Do not use as a cleaning solvent or other non-motor fuel uses. For use as a motor fuel supplement only. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

### STORAGE

Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Outside or detached storage preferred.

**SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:**

	CAS#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	NIOSH REL	NIOSH STEL	NIOSH IDLH	NOTES
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm	10 ppm	15 ppm	10 ppm	Not est.	Not est.	skin
Petroleum naphtha	64742-94-5	Not est.	Not est.	Not est.	Not est.	Not est.	100 ppm	N/A

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment to stay below exposure limits.

**PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet style gloves.

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical, and oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

See Sections 6, 7, 12, 13.

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical and chemical properties are given below. Consult the Supplier in Section 1 for additional data.

### GENERAL INFORMATION

**Physical State:** Liquid  
**Color:** Yellow amber  
**Odor:** Petroleum/Solvent  
**Odor Threshold:** N/D

### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

**Relative Density (at 15 C):** 0.864  
**Flash Point [Method] :** >63°C (145°F) [ ASTM D-56]  
**Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air):** LEL: 1.4 UEL: 7.6  
**Autoignition Temperature:** >250°C (482°F)  
**Boiling Point / Range:** >20C (68F)  
**Vapor Density (Air = 1):** 3 at 101 kPa  
**Vapor Pressure:** > 26.6 kPa (200 mm Hg) at 20 C  
**Evaporation Rate (N-Butyl Acetate = 1):** > 10  
**pH:** N/A  
**Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient):** > 3  
**Solubility in Water:** Negligible  
**Viscosity:** <2 cSt (2 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec) at 40 °C  
**Oxidizing Properties:** See Hazards Identification Section.

### OTHER INFORMATION

**Freezing Point:** N/D  
**Melting Point:** N/A

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

**MATERIALS TO AVOID:** Halogens, Strong oxidizers

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### ACUTE TOXICITY

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Irritation: No end point data.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs. Based on assessment of the components.

<b>Ingestion</b>	
Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
<b>Skin</b>	
Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Irritation: No end point data.	Moderately irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
<b>Eye</b>	
Irritation: Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.

**CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS**

**For the product itself:**

Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

**Contains:**

NAPHTHALENE: Exposure to high concentrations of naphthalene may cause destruction of red blood cells, anemia, and cataracts. Naphthalene caused cancer in laboratory animal studies, but the relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

Additional information is available by request.

**The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	2, 5

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC  
 2 = NTP SUS

3 = IARC 1  
 4 = IARC 2A

5 = IARC 2B  
 6 = OSHA CARC

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

**ECOTOXICITY**

Freshwater Fish Toxicity: *P. promelas* LC50= >2.6mg/l - 96 hours

Freshwater Invertebrates Toxicity: *Daphnia magna* EC50= >3.4mg/l - 48 hours

**Conclusion/Summary:** Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**MOBILITY**

More volatile component -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Less volatile component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

## PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

### Biodegradation:

Majority of components -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

### Atmospheric Oxidation:

More volatile component -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

## BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Majority of components -- Has the potential to bio-accumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bio-concentration or limit bioavailability.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

### DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

### REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: Disposal of unused product may be subject to RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of the used product may also be regulated due to ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity or toxicity as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Potential RCRA characteristics: IGNITABILITY.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**LAND (DOT):** Not Regulated for Land Transport

**LAND (TDG):** Not Regulated for Land Transport

**SEA (IMDG):** Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

**AIR (IATA):** Not Regulated for Air Transport

## SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

**OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD:** When used for its intended purpose, this material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.

**NATIONAL CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTING:** AICS, DSL, EINECS, ENCS, KECI, PICCS, TSCA

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EPCRA: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.



CERCLA: This material is not subject to any special reporting under the requirements of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA). Contact local authorities to determine if other reporting requirements apply.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire. Immediate Health. Delayed Health.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Typical Value
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.1%

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1, 4, 5, 9, 10

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

- |               |                  |                   |             |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 = ACGIH ALL | 6 = TSCA 5a2     | 11 = CA P65 REPRO | 16 = MN RTK |
| 2 = ACGIH A1  | 7 = TSCA 5e      | 12 = CA RTK       | 17 = NJ RTK |
| 3 = ACGIH A2  | 8 = TSCA 6       | 13 = IL RTK       | 18 = PA RTK |
| 4 = OSHA Z    | 9 = TSCA 12b     | 14 = LA RTK       | 19 = RI RTK |
| 5 = TSCA 4    | 10 = CA P65 CARC | 15 = MI 293       |             |

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

Cal. Prop. 65



WARNING This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects based on maximum impurity levels of components: <0.7 ppm Sulfur Dioxide, CAS no. 7446-09-5; <1 ppm Benzene, CAS no. 71-43-2; <1 ppm Toluene CAS no. 108-88-3; <1 ppm Ethyl Acrylate CAS no.140-88-5; <2 ppm Methyl Isobutyl Ketone CAS no. 108-10-1; 2 ppm Ethyl Benzene CAS no. 100-41-4; <0.1% Naphthalene, CAS no. 91-20-3 For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/petroleum.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

HMIS Rating – HEALTH: 1
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0

NFPA Rating – Health 1
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

No revision information is available.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Hydrotex Partners Ltd.'s knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact Hydrotex Partners Ltd. to insure this document is the most current available. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and

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examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users.

